

Personal Pronouns

Personal pronouns retain an ancient feature called "declension": The pronoun changes depending on its person, number, and case (its relationship to other words in the sentence).

<i>Person</i>	<i>First Person</i>		<i>Second Person</i>			<i>Third Person</i>		
<i>Number</i>	<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>	<i>Familiar</i>	<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>	<i>Singular</i>	<i>Plural</i>	<i>Relative</i>
<i>Subject</i>	I	we	thou	you	you	he, she, it	they	who
<i>Object</i>	me	us	thee	you	you	him, her, it	them	whom
<i>Possessive*</i>	my, mine	our, ours	thy, thine	your, yours	your, yours	his, hers, its	their, theirs	whose
<i>Reflexive/ Intensive</i>	myself	ourselves	thymself	yourself	yourselves	himself, herself, itself	themselves	

Third person replacements: Replace 'our country' with 'the country'; 'us' with 'students'; 'my family' with 'family members'; 'I believe' with 'many/some/most/etc believe'.

*Note that possessive pronouns do not use apostrophes.

- It's = "It is."
- Its = Possessive of it, as in "every dog has its day."

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